



Asian Pear Pollination Chart

| Variety Selected | Pollen Source | Ari Rang | Chojuro | Hosui | Ishiiwase | Kikusui | Kosui / Old World | Nijisseiki / 20th Century | Reddy Robbin | Shinglo | Shinko | Shinseiki / New Century | Tennosui | Tsu Li | Ubilean - European | Ya Li |
|---------------------------|---------------|----------|---------|-------|-----------|---------|-------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|----------|--------|--------------------|-------|
| Ari Rang | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Chojuro | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hosui | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Ishiiwase | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kikusui | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | | |
| Kosui / Old World | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | | |
| Nijisseiki / 20th Century | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | | |
| Reddy Robbin | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | | |
| Shinglo | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | | |
| Shinko | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | | |
| Shinseiki / New Century | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | | |
| Tennosui | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | | |
| Tsu Li | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | | |
| Ubilean - European | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X | |
| Ya Li | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | X |

Note:

Asian pear trees tend to overbear. Thin the fruit to one pear per cluster to have large fruit. The latest blooming Asian pears will cross-pollinate with early blooming European pears. Most Asian pears are self-fertile. You will have a better crop of fruit if more than one tree of another variety is used.

Directions for use of pollination chart:

1. From the left-hand column select a cultivar you are interested in growing.
2. Check across the chart; the unmarked boxes will be a reliable pollinizer for the cultivar you have chosen.

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